

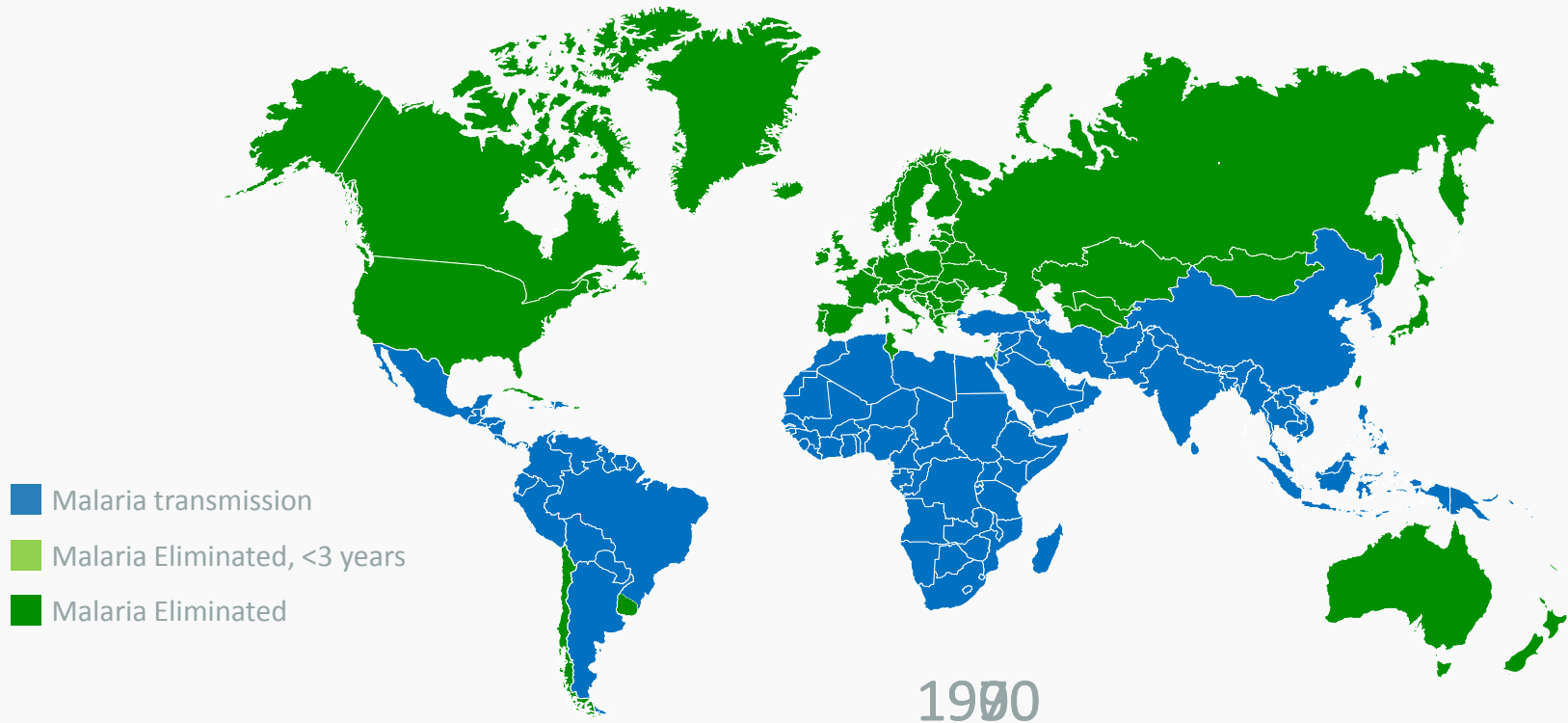
Global Health R&D



Dr. Mary Moran
Policy Cures



Many diseases vanished from the West



... and many other infectious diseases

Malaria

Polio

Leprosy

Tetanus

AIDS in children

Tuberculosis

Parasitic worms
(tapeworm, hookworm)

Cholera

... leaving their medicines behind

1896 TB
diagnostic

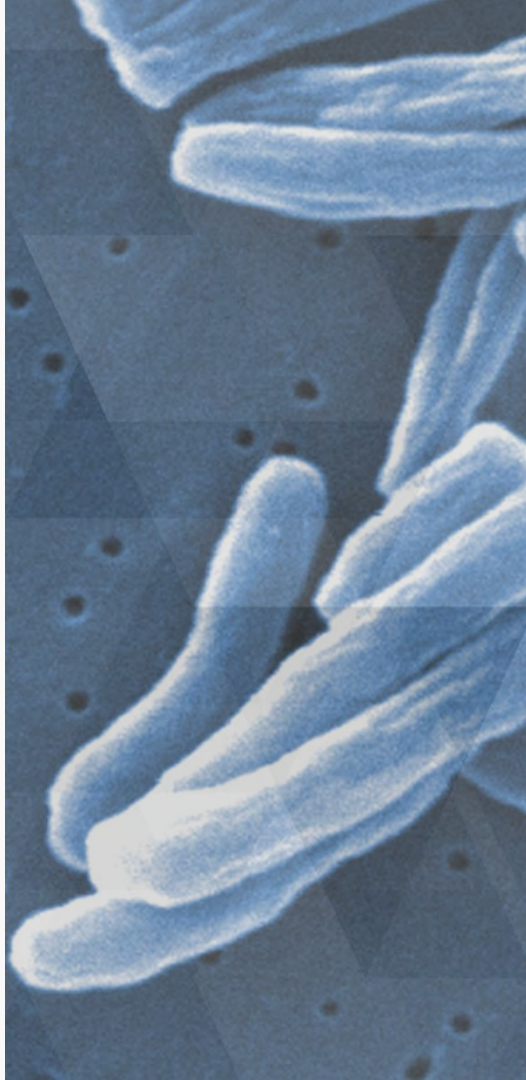
1924
TB vaccine

1946 *Vivax*
malaria drug

1920s
Sleeping sickness drug

1944 TB drug

Old Tools



01 Burdensome

02 Ineffective

03 Absent

Old Tools

**Current Therapies Last
2 YEARS OR MORE**

Today, healthcare providers treat XDR-TB on a case-by-case basis, often using medicines that are too toxic for such a lengthy treatment.

01 Burdensome

02 Ineffective

03 Absent

INJECTIONS:
1/day
for at least 6 months

+

PILLS
12-24/day
for 24 months

+

IV INFUSIONS
2/day
for 6-24 months
if available or needed



Old Tools

01 Burdensome

Asia-Pacific malaria (Vivax)

3 days of chloroquine or new malaria drugs (ACTs)

+ blood test for G6PD deficiency (if available)

+ primaquine (1946) to prevent relapse: takes 14 days of treatment to work

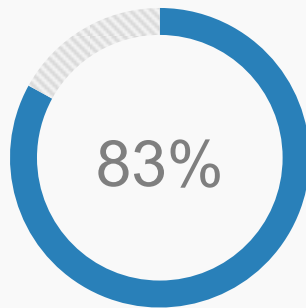
If test positive for G6PD deficiency or if pregnant ...
there is no treatment for relapse

Old Tools

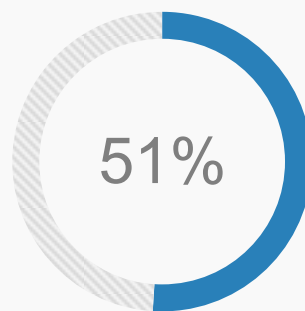
02 Ineffective

Success Rates for TB Treatment in WHO Regions of South-East Asia and Western Pacific (incl. Aust, Japan, Sth Korea)

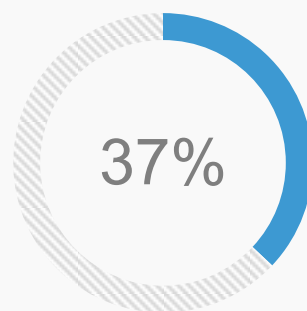
New and
Relapse TB



MDR/RR-TB

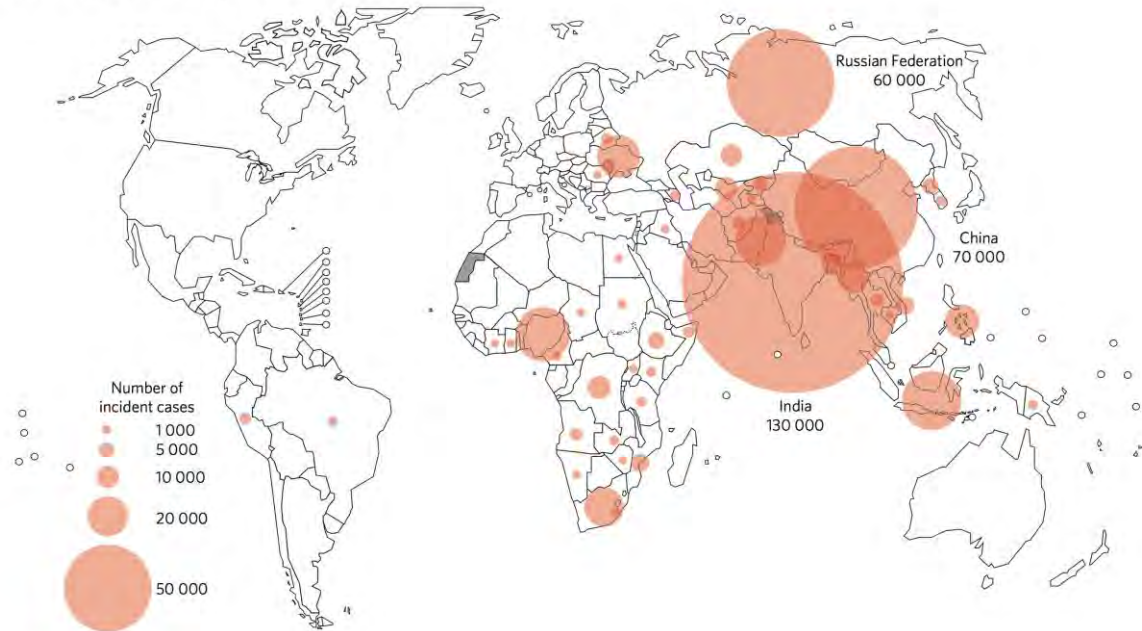


XDR-TB



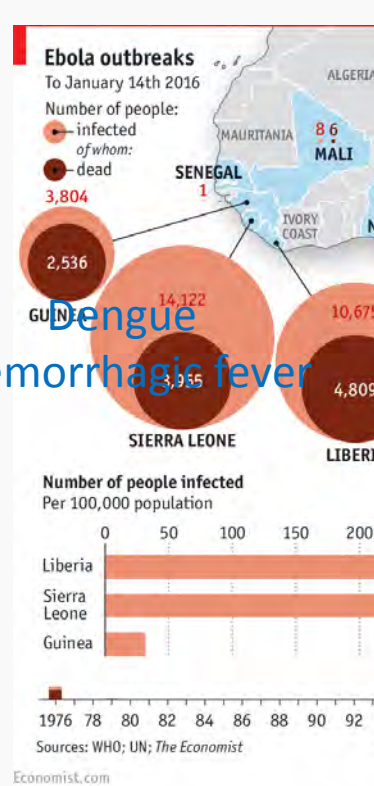
Old Tools

Estimated incidence of MDR/RR-TB in 2015



Old Tools

Dengue haemorrhagic fever



Old Tools

03 Absent

No AIDS vaccine

No effective TB vaccine

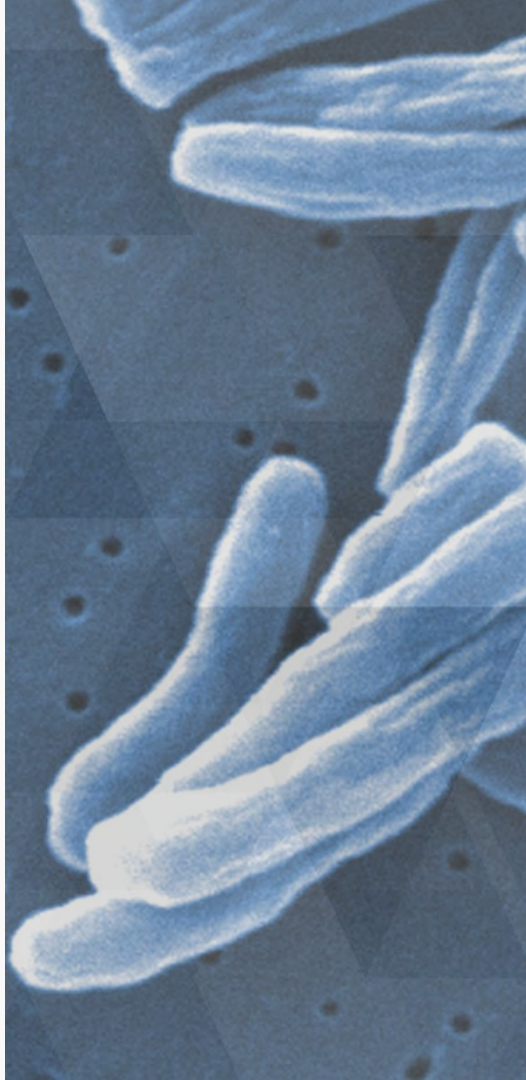
No effective malaria vaccine

And the list goes on...

Stepping up

Governments and philanthropy
filling the gap

New Tools



01 Simple

02 Effective

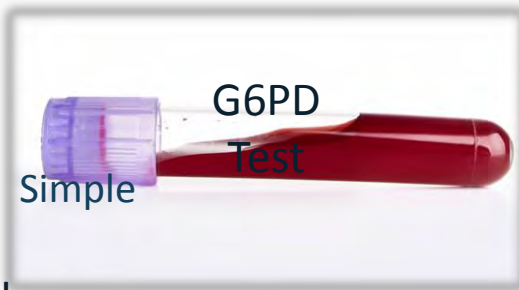
03 Suitable

New Tools

Malaria (*P. vivax*) relapse treatment



+
01



1 dose

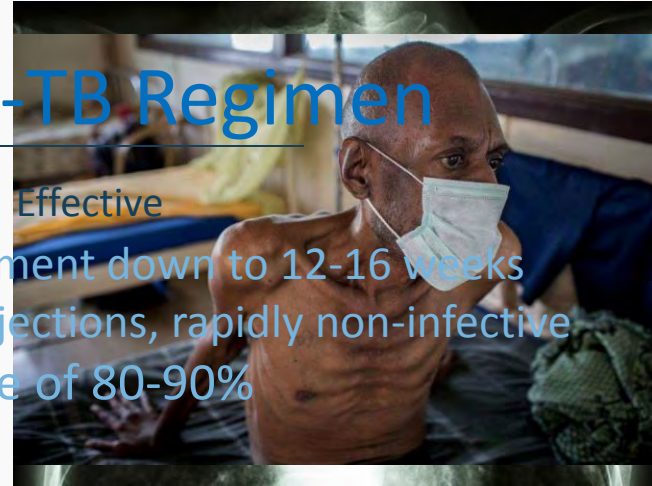
New Tools

New DR-TB Regimen

02

Effective

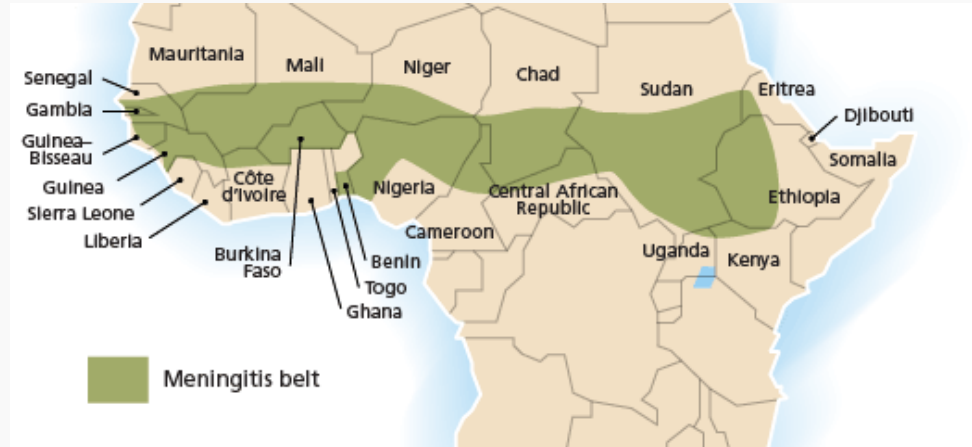
2+ year course of treatment down to 12-16 weeks
No hospitalizations, no injections, rapidly non-infective
Cure rate of 80-90%



New Tools

02 Effective

African Meningitis



258,000

Peak Cases in 1996-97

New Tools

Paediatric Malaria treatment

In 2009, Coartem ^{>70%} Dispersible was introduced.

⁰³ Suitable
Correct weight dose for children
Of malaria cases
Flavour-masked drink
the age of 5

300 million treatments have been
Prior to 2009, children were given cut up
delivered to over 50 countries
adult malaria tablets

New Tools

03 Suitable

Maternal Haemorrhage



**Maternal deaths per
100,000 live births**

16
Aus, UK,
US, EU

530
Sub Saharan
Africa

510
South Asia

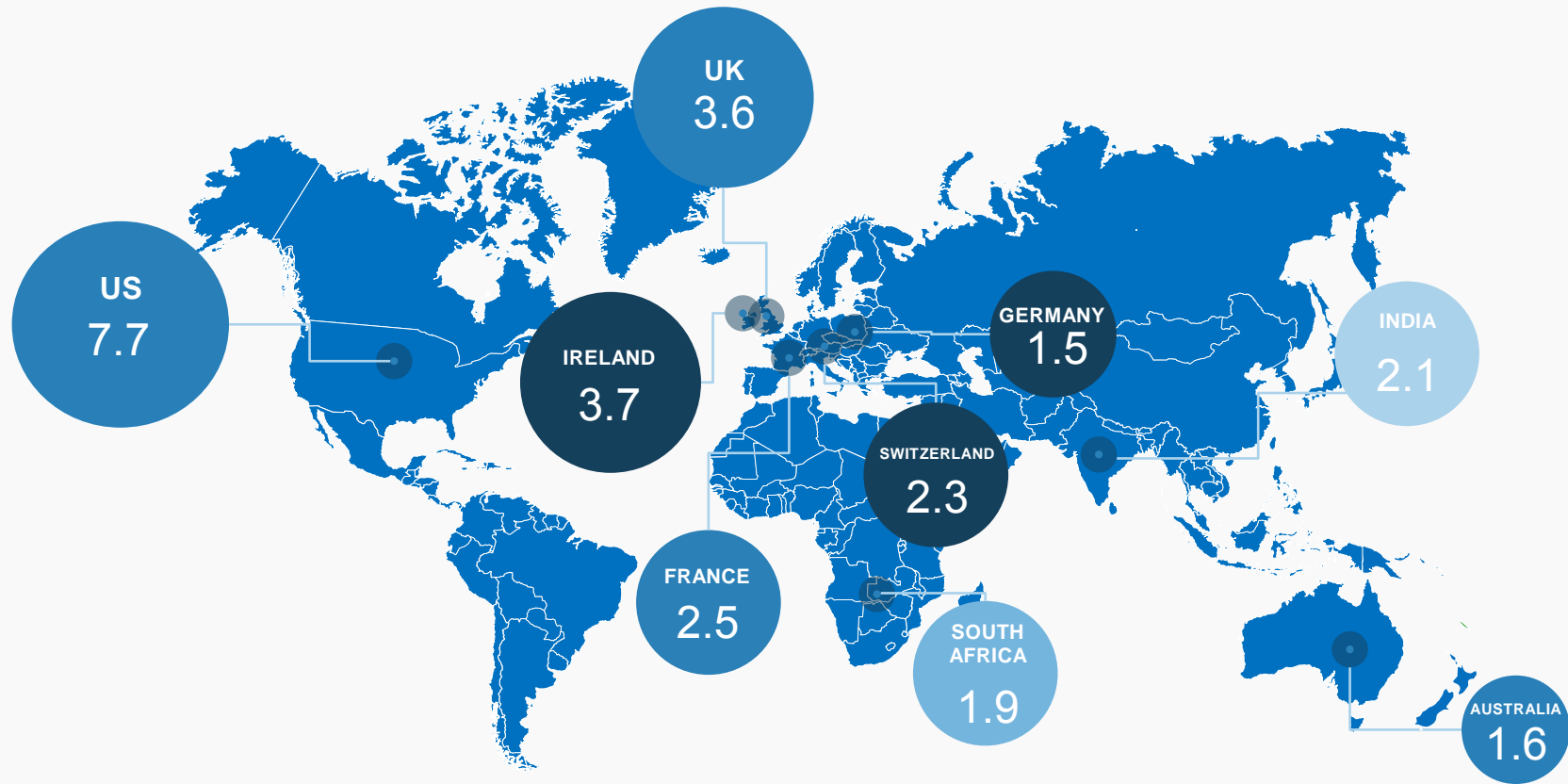
190
Oceania

Australia's investment



Government funding for new global health tools by GDP (2015)

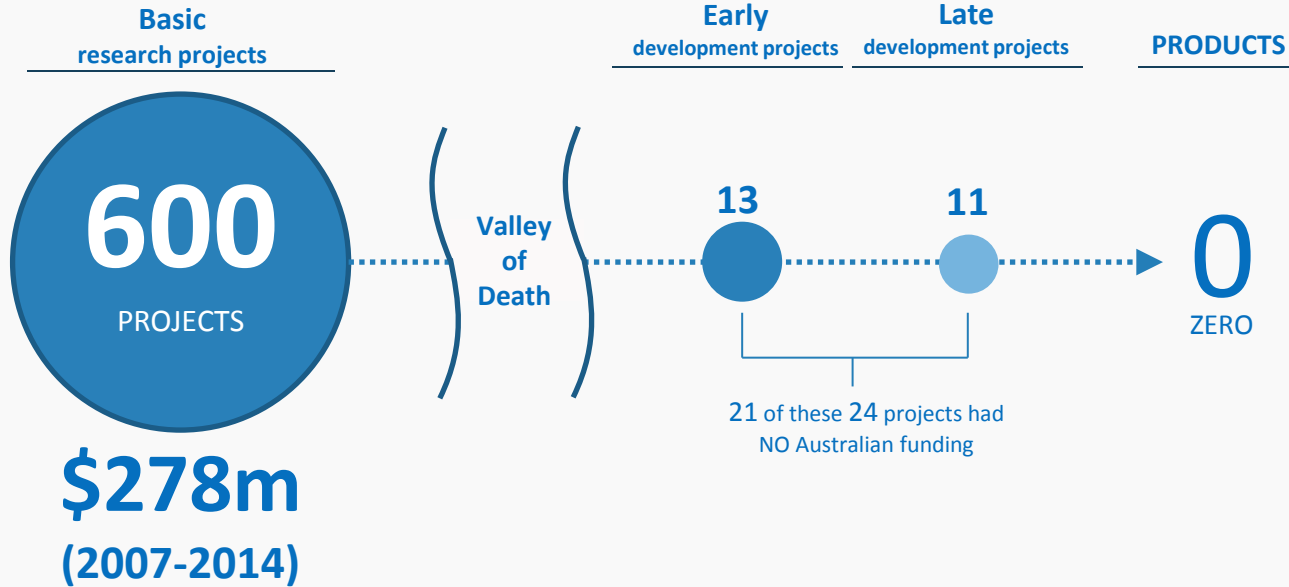
(A value of 10 is equivalent to an investment of 0.01% of GDP)



Policy maturation



The R&D Gap



There is currently no programme, mechanism or agency that funds global health R&D translation in Australia

Our Ask

We are seeking to build a group of informed supporters who:

- Understand the health and financial benefits of replacing old global health tools with new more effective ones
- Encourage and support the Government to:
 - Develop a strategic, comprehensive and coherent framework to guide Australia's global health R&D investment
 - Increase DFAT's contribution to the global R&D effort
 - Provide greater support to translation of Australia's own global health research, through the proposed Global Health Translation Fund



Thank you
Feel free to contact us

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